## **KNOWLEDGE PROGRESSION YEAR GROUP OVERVIEW – Science (Biology)**

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Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
All living	SBN.1 know the	SBR.1 know and		SB2.1 know the		SB4.1 know that	SB5.1 know the	SB6.1 know that	SB7.1 know how to
things	name of some	describe		differences		living things can be	differences in the	living things are	construct food
and	living things that	similarities and		between things		grouped in a	life cycles of a	classified into	chains and food
their	are within the	differences in		that are living,		variety of ways	mammal,	broad groups	webs to investigate
habitats	immediate natural	relation to living		dead and things		<ul> <li>SB4.2 know how to</li> </ul>	amphibian, insect	according to	feeding
nabitats	environment	things		that have never		use classification	and bird	common	relationships
	<ul> <li>SBN.2 know how</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SBR2 know and</li> </ul>	1	been alive by		keys in order to	SB5.2 know the life	observable	<ul> <li>SB7.2 know how to</li> </ul>
	to observe plants,	describe the		exploring and		group, identify and	process of	characteristics and	classify within
	animals, natural	habitat of familiar		comparing		name a variety of	reproduction in	based on	vertebrate and
	and found objects	woodland animals	~ ~ ~	SB2.2 know that		living things in	some plants and	similarities and	invertebrate
	<ul> <li>SBN.3 know how</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SBR.3 know and</li> </ul>		most living things		their local and	animals	differences,	groups
	to care for living	describe patterns		live in habitats to		wider environment		including micro-	<ul> <li>SB7.3 know how to</li> </ul>
	things and the	and changes in		which they are		<ul> <li>SB4.3 know that</li> </ul>		organisms, plants	classify within the
	environment	nature	1 1	suited and describe		environments can		and animals	five different
		<ul> <li>SBR.4 know how</li> </ul>		how <mark>different</mark>		change and that		<ul> <li>SB6.2 know how to</li> </ul>	Kingdoms
		human actions		habitats provide		this can sometimes		classify plants and	
		impact on the		for the basic needs		pose dangers to		animals based on	
		environment.	\	of differen <mark>t kinds</mark>		living things	/ /	specific	
			\ I	of animals a <mark>nd</mark>				characteristics and	
			\ \ \ \	plants and how				give reasons for	
		1		they depend on			/	this	
				each other					
				SB2.3 know and					
				name a variety of					
		1	7 / 0 N M . D	plants and animals		30 DY.			
				in their habitats,					
				including					
				microhabitats					
				(both familiar and					
			//	less familiar					
		< \	// 1	habitats (e.g.		A			
				woodland/ocean)					
				SB2.4 know how					
				animals obtain					
				their food from					
				plants and other					
		1		animals, using food		7	/		
			100	chains, and identify		7.9			
				and name different	1	1 ///			
				sources of food		/			
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Animals,	<ul> <li>SBN.4 know how</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SBR.5 know and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SB1.1 know and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SB2.5 know that</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SB3.1 know that</li> </ul>	SB4.4 know the	SB5.3 know the	<ul> <li>SB6.3 know and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SB7.4 know the</li> </ul>
includin	to explore natural	talk about the	name a range of	young animals,	animals, including	simple functions of	changes as humans	name the main	different parts of
g	materials, using	different factors	animals by fish,	including humans,	humans, need the	the basic parts of	develop to old age	parts of the human	animal and plant
humans	their senses.	that support	amphibians,	grow into adults	right types and	the digestive		circulatory system,	cells
Humans	<ul> <li>SBN.5 know how</li> </ul>	overall health and	reptiles, birds and	<ul> <li>SB2.6 know the</li> </ul>	amount of	system in humans		and describe the	<ul> <li>SB7.5 know the</li> </ul>
	to meet own care	wellbeing, (e.g.	mammals	basic needs of	nutrition and that	SB4.5 know the		functions of the	different kind of
	needs, (e.g.	regular physical	SB1.2 know and	animals, including	they cannot make	different types of		heart, blood	specialised cells,
	brushing teeth,	activity, healthy	name a variety of	humans, for	their own food;	teeth in humans		vessels and blood	their functions and
	using the toilet,	eating, having a	common animals	survival (water,	they get nutrition	and their simple		<ul> <li>SB6.4 know the</li> </ul>	adaptations
	washing and drying	good sleep	by what they eat	food, air)	from what they eat	functions		impact of diet,	<ul> <li>SB7.6 know the</li> </ul>
	their hands	routine)	(carnivore,	<ul> <li>SB2.7 know why</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SB3.2 know</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SB4.6 know how to</li> </ul>		exercise, drugs and	differences
	thoroughly)	<ul> <li>SBR.6 know the</li> </ul>	herbivore and	exercise, a	humans and some	construct and		lifestyle on the way	between sexual
	<ul> <li>SBN.6 know how</li> </ul>	importance of oral	omnivore)	balanced diet and	other animals have	interpret a variety		their bodies	and asexual
	to make healthy	hygiene	SB1.3 know the	good hygiene are	skeletons and	of food chains,		function	reproduction
	food and drink	<ul> <li>SBR.7 know how to</li> </ul>	structure of a	important for	muscles for	identifying		<ul> <li>SB6.5 know the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SB7.7 know how</li> </ul>
	choices.	describe what they	variety of common	humans	support,	producers,		ways in which	females get
	<ul> <li>SBN.7 know how</li> </ul>	see, hear and feel	animals (fish,		protection and	predators and prey		nutrients and	pregnant and the
	to look after teeth	SBR.8 know,	amphibians,		movement			water are	stages of embryo
	<ul> <li>SBN.8 know how</li> </ul>	observe and	reptiles, birds and				r 1	transported in	development
	exercise makes us	discuss the	mammals,					animals, including	
	feel	changes that occur	including pets) by			/	/	humans	
	<ul> <li>SBN.9 know what</li> </ul>	in the life cycle of	describing and				/		
	an animal is and	an animal	comparing						
	talk about the life		<ul> <li>SB1.4 know, name,</li> </ul>						
	cycle		draw and label						
			basic parts of the						
			human body which			2 2 2 2 2			
			can be seen						
			SB1.5 know the						
			five senses and						
			which part of the						
			body is associated						
			with each one						

## **KNOWLEDGE PROGRESSION YEAR GROUP OVERVIEW – Science (Biology)**

Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	
Plants	<ul> <li>SBN.10 know what</li> </ul>	SBR.9 know how to	<ul> <li>SB1.6 know and</li> </ul>	SB2.8 know how	<ul> <li>SB3.3 know and</li> </ul>				SB7.8 know the	
	a seed is and that it	care for a plant,	name a variety of	seeds and bulbs	describe the				equation for	
	will turn into a	including water	common wild and	grow into plants by	function of				photosynthesis	
	plant	and light	garden plants,	observing and	different parts of				and using it to	
	<ul> <li>SBN.11 know how</li> </ul>		including	describing	flowering plants:				identify factors	
	to plant a seed		deciduous and	SB2.9 know what	roots, stems,	< /			needed for plant	
			evergreen trees	plants need in	trunk, leaves and				growth	
			SB1.7 know the	order to grow and	flowers					
			basic structure of a	stay healthy	SB3.4 know the					
		\ /	variety of common	(water, light &	requirements of	7 1				
			flowering plants	suitable	plants for life and					
			(petals/flowers/fru	temperature)	growth (air, light,					
		-	it, stem, leaves,		water, nutrients					
			root, bulb seed),		from soil, and					
			including trees		room to grow) and					
			(trunk, branches,		how they vary					
			leaves) and		from plant to plant					
			describe them		SB3.5 know how					
		1			water is					
		\ \			transported within		- /			
		\			plants through					
					investigation					
					SB3.6 know the					
					part that flowers					
			4 7 8 8 7		play in the life					
					cycle of flowering					
					plants including					
					pollination, seed formation and			Day.		
					seed dispersal					

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Evolutio	,				/1\		4	SB6.6 know that	SB7.9 know the
n and								living things have	roles that genes
Inherita								changed over time	and environments
nce								and fossils provide	have on
lice								information about	characteristics
								living things that	
			\ \	/ /		_ /		inhabited the Earth	
			\ /					millions of years	
			\ /					ago	
								SB6.7 know that	
			~ ~					living things	
								produce offspring	
				\		/		of the same kind,	
								but normally	
			1					offspring vary and	
								are not identical to	
								their parents • SB6.8 know how	
							/ /	animals and plants	
								are adapted to suit	
								their environment	
								in different ways	
								and that	
								adaptation may	
								lead to evolution	